1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS product identifier: Prime Source Tebuconazole 3.6 Select

Chemical name: Tebuconazole

Other means of identification: Triazole Fungicide

EPA Product Registration Number: 89442-1
EPA Signal Word: Not available.
Product type: Liquid.

Identified uses: Fungicide.

Supplier's details: Prime Source, LLC

4609 E. Boonville-New Harmony Rd

Evansville, IN 47 725-9739

Tel: 877-235-0043

Emergency telephone number (with

hours of operation):

CHEMTREC (24/7): U.S. :800-424-9300

International: +1-703-527-3887

24/7 Health Emergencies: Call 800-858-7378 (National Pesticide Information

Center)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

Classification of the substance or

mixture:

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word:

Danger.

Hazard statements:

Fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General:

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling.



Response: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED:

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise Classified: None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Chemical name: Tebuconazole

Other means of identification: Triazole Fungicide

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable. Product code: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Tebuconazole ([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-pentan-3-ol)	30 – 60	107534-96-3
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0 -0.1	2634-33-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First aid measures

Eve contact:

Inhalation:

Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately

flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical

burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest

occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.



The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash

contaminated skin with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth

with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects:

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Fatal if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the

respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with

water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical:

This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and

prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition

products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds No special measures are required.

Special protective actions for fire-

fighters:

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

For non-emergency personnel:

For emergency responders:

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist.

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information

in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For

nonemergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains Environmental precautions:

and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to

the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up

> if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from

upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for

waste disposal.



7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible material.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Appropriate engineering controls:

Environmental exposure controls:
Individual protection measures
Hygiene measures:

Eye/face protection:

Skin protection

Hand protection:

Body protection:

None.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid. [Viscous. Suspension.]

Color: Off-white.
Odor: Slight

Odor threshold: Not available.

pH: 2

Melting point:

Boiling point:

Flash point:

Evaporation rate:

Not available.

(flammable) limits:

Vapor pressure:Not available.Vapor density:Not available.

Relative density: 1.34

Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/ water:
Auto-ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
Viscosity:

Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

products: not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Tebuconazole ([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-dimethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.371 g/m ³	4 hours
3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-pentan-3-ol)				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3352 mg/kg	-
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5%	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure:

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Fatal if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the

respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate Effects: Potential delayed effects:

Long term exposure

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential immediate effects: Potential delayed effects: Potential chronic health effects

General:

Carcinogenicity:
Mutagenicity:
Teratogenicity:
Developmental effects:
Fertility effects:

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1253.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	0.9298 mg/L

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Tebuconazole ([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl] -4,4-dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-	Acute EC50 1.45 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	4 days
pentan-3-ol) 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute IC50 3200 μg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 750 μg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 2.37 mg/L Fresh water Chronic IC10 1200 μg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.12 ppm Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.012 ppm Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water Acute LC50 >10 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Cyprinus carpio – Fingerling Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours 21 days 83 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Tebuconazole ([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-	3.7	-	low
pentan-3-ol)			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal methods:

14. Transportation information

-			
	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper	ENVIRONMENTALLY	ENVIRONMENTALLY	ENVIRONMENTALLY
shipping name	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
	LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tebuconazole	LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tebuconazole	LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tebuconazole
	([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-	([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-	([RS]-1-[4-chlorophenyl]-4,4-
	dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-	dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-	dimethyl-3-[1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-
	ylmethyl]-pentan-3-ol))	ylmethyl]-pentan-3-ol))	ylmethyl]-pentan-3-ol))
Transport	9	9	9
hazard class(es)		9	**************************************
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional	Non-bulk packages of this product	The marine pollutant mark is	The environmentally hazardous
information	are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by	not required when transported	substance mark is not required
	inland waterway. The marine	in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	when transported in sizes of ≤5 L
	pollutant mark is not required when		or ≤5 kg.
	transported on inland waterways in		
	sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.		

Special precautions for user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

AERG: 171

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not available.

15. Regulatory Information

TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Acetaldehyde

U.S. Federal regulations: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Acetaldehyde; Propylene oxide

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs):

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Not listed

Substances:

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

001110001110111110111101110111011	<u>g</u>					
Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Ethylene oxide	0 - 0.1	Yes.	1000	-	10	-
Propylene oxide	0 - 0.1	Yes.	10000	1444.3	100	14.4

SARA 304 RQ 236406.6 lbs / 107328.6 kg [21159.1 gal / 80096 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire Hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Tebuconazole ([RS]-1-[4- chlorophenyl]-4,4-dimethyl-3-[1H- 1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl]-pentan-3- ol)	30 - 60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0 - 0.1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Glycerol

New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: Glycerol Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Glycerol

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name level	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,4-Dioxane Acetaldehyde Ethylene oxide Propylene oxide	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. Yes. No.	Yes. 90 μg/day (inhalation) Yes.	No. No. Yes. No.

International regulations

International lists:

Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

No.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals: Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals: Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals:

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

16. Other Information

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy: 12/15/2014

Version: 1

Revised Section(s) Not applicable.

Prepared by: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Key to abbreviations

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.