

# Pressurized Carburetor Cleaner

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Date of issue: 08/01/2014

Revision date: 08/01/2014

Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Pressurized Carburetor Cleaner  
Product code : PCC/88A

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Aerosol cleaner.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Justice Brothers, Inc.  
2734 Huntington Drive  
Duarte, CA - USA 91010  
T (626) 359-9174 (M-F, 8am-5pm)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 24 hr

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flammable Aerosols 1  
Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas  
Acute Toxicity 4 (Oral)  
Acute Toxicity 4 (Dermal)  
Skin Irritation 2  
Serious Eye Irritation 2A  
Carcinogenicity 2  
Reproductive Toxicity 2 (developmental)  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 1  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 3  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed and in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to eyes. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. -No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

1 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	30 - 60	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3
Petroleum Solvent	(CAS No) 64742-96-7	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Asp. Tox. 1
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	3 - 7	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Repr. 2, STOT SE 3 STOT RE 2
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	(CAS No) 426260-76-6	3 - 7	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) Eye Irrit. 2B STOT SE 1
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) Skin Irrit. 2
n-Heptane	(CAS No) 142-82-5	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1

\* The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops and persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Treat for surrounding material.  
Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Formaldehyde.  
Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.  
Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Eliminate sources of ignition. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).  
Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Vapours may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Provide ventilation.

#### 6.3. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not swallow. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
Hygiene measures : Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.  
Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.  
Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Acetone (67-64-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

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<b>Petroleum Solvent (64742-96-7)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	Not applicable.
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	Not applicable.

<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm

<b>Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (426260-76-6)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	Not applicable.
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	Not applicable.

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

<b>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.
Hand protection	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing, including appropriate boots, boot covers, overshoes, etc., as may be appropriate to prevent contact.
Respiratory protection	: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds.
Other information	: Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas/Pressurized liquid.
Appearance	: Clear.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Mild alcohol.
Odour threshold	: No data available.
pH	: No data available.

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Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available.
Melting point	: No data available.
Freezing point	: No data available.
Boiling point	: > 54.4 °C (> 130 °F)
Flash point	: 6.1 °C (43 °F)
Self ignition temperature	: No data available.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable.
Vapour pressure	: No data available.
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available.
Relative density	: 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: No data available.
Log Pow	: No data available.
Log Kow	: No data available.
Viscosity, kinematic	: 273.71 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available.
Explosive properties	: No data available.
Oxidising properties	: No data available.
Explosive limits	: No data available.

### 9.2. Other information

Flame projection = 23" ; Heat of combustion = 14624 BTU

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. Sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Formaldehyde.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Harmful if swallowed and in contact with skin.

Pressurized Carburetor Cleaner	
LD50 oral rat	> 300 but ≤ 2000 mg/kg (Calculated using ATE values)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1000 but ≤ 2000 mg/kg (Calculated using ATE values)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5 mg/l/4h

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	50100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /8h

Petroleum Solvent (64742-96-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h

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<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	8390 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	28.1 mg/l/4h

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	5628 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	83.2 mg/l/4h

<b>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	4300 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	47635 mg/l/4h

<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>	
LD50 oral mouse	5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	103 g/m <sup>3</sup> /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.

<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

<b>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to eyes. Inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption of methanol can cause significant disturbances in vision, including blindness.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
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### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Pressurized Carburetor Cleaner</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Pressurized Carburetor Cleaner</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

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### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available  
Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.  
Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not incinerate empty containers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

### 14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : 1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Aerosols, flammable  
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 2.1  
Hazard labels (DOT) :



### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.  
Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
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#### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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#### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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#### Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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#### n-Heptane (142-82-5)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
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### 15.2. US State regulations

No additional information available.

## SECTION 16: Other information

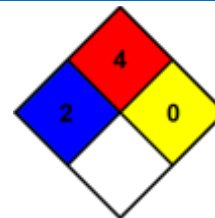
Indication of changes : None.  
Date of issue : 08/01/2014  
Other information : None.

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- NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.
- NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.
- NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



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