

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with REACH (1907/2006/EC, as amended by 2015/830/EU) 29 CFR 1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015

Revision date: 2 May 2018

Initial date of issue: 5 July 2007

SDS No. 289-14

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

652 Pneumatic Lubricant & Conditioner (Bulk)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Petroleum base lubricant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY
860 Salem Street
Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA
Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785
(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)
SDS requests: www.chesterton.com
E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com
E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Supplier:

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive,
Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055
EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,
D85737 Ismaning, Germany – Tel. +49-89-996-5460

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week
Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053
Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)
NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

2.1.2. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.3. Additional information

None

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H304

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements:

P301/310
P331
P405
P501

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2. Mixtures**

Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic*	70-80	64742-52-5 265-155-0	01-211946 7170-45	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Other ingredients:

Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	5-10	108419-35-8 283-740-9	NA	Not classified
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For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

*Contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

¹ Classified according to:

- 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65
- 1272/2008/EC, GHS, REACH
- WHMIS 2015
- Safe Work Australia

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.**Skin contact:** Wash skin with soap and water. Contact physician if irritation persists.**Eye contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.**Protection of first-aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Do not ingest. See section 8 for recommendations on personal protective equipment.**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema. Direct eye contact may cause eye irritation. High vapor concentration can cause eye and respiratory irritation, headache and dizziness. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause skin irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1. Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media:** Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

None

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: –**HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code:** 3 Z**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Cordon off spill area. Surfaces can be slippery. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limit values**

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹		ACGIH TLV ²		UK WEL ³		AUSTRALIA ES ⁴	
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Oil mist, mineral	–	5	–	5	–	–	–	5
Oxo-Alcohol Acetic Acid Ester*	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

*Chesterton recommended limit, 8-hr TWA: 50 ppm, 10 mg/m³.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

⁴ Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003]

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:**Workers**

Not available

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Not available

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering measures**

No special requirements. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use a half or full-face respirator with combined dust/organic vapour filter (EN filter type A/P).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. Viton*, neoprene, nitrile). *DuPont's registered trademark.

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles or glasses.

Other: Impervious gloves and clothing as necessary for repetitive, prolonged contact with liquid.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	low viscosity liquid	Odour	mild petroleum odor
Colour	amber	Odour threshold	not determined
Initial boiling point	220°C (428°F)	Vapour pressure @ 20°C	not determined
Melting point	not determined	% Aromatics by weight	< 1%
% Volatile (by volume)	9%	pH	not applicable
Flash point	144°C (290°F)	Relative density	0.9 kg/l
Method	PM Closed Cup	Weight per volume	7.5 lbs/gal.
Viscosity	28 cps @ 25°C	Coefficient (water/oil)	< 1
Autoignition temperature	not determined	Vapour density (air=1)	> 1
Decomposition temperature	not determined	Rate of evaporation (ether=1)	< 1
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	Solubility in water	slightly soluble
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable	Oxidising properties	not determined
Explosive properties	not determined		

9.2. Other information

Kinematic viscosity at 40°C: 16.8 mm²/s.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1. Reactivity**

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Caustics, strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Primary route of exposure under normal use: Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Acute toxicity -**Oral:**

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg, estimated
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Dermal:

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50, rat	> 2000 mg/kg, estimated
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	LD50, rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation: High vapor concentration can cause eye and respiratory irritation, headache and dizziness.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5 mg/l, estimated

Skin corrosion/irritation: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin irritation, rabbit	< 0.5 / 8.0, estimated
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	Skin irritation, rabbit	Slightly irritating

Serious eye damage/irritation: Direct eye contact may cause eye irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Eye irritation, rabbit	< 15 / 110, estimated
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	Eye irritation	Slightly irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: Skin sensitization is indicated as non-sensitizing based on data from similar products. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: did not produce any evidence of skin irritation or skin sensitization response in a repeated insult patch test in human volunteers.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: this substance is considered non-mutagenic and has a negative potential for tumor development based on results from the Modified Ames Assay, with a Mutagenic Index of less than 1.0. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to be non-mutagenic based on data from similar materials.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Reproductive toxicity: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich, maternal NOAEL, rat: 500 mg/kg/day; developmental NOAEL, rat: 2500 mg/kg/day.

STOT – single exposure: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: no data available.

STOT – repeated exposure: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich, NOAEL, 90-day oral subchronic study, rat: 500 mg/kg/day.

Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information: None

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: available data indicate this product is not acutely toxic. Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (algae, based on data from similar materials.)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: 31% biodegradation (OECD 301F, 28 days). Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to biodegrade slowly in soil and water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: not expected to bioaccumulate. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Low viscosity liquid. Slightly soluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: large volumes may penetrate soil and contaminate groundwater. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to have high affinity for adsorption to soil and sediments

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Free product should be incinerated or may be amenable to fuels blending. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement. This product is not classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1. UN number**

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE
TDG: NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED
TDG: NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED
US DOT: NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE
TDG: NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE
TDG: NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

NOT APPLICABLE

14.6. Special precautions for user

NOT APPLICABLE

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****15.1.1. EU regulations**

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: None

15.1.2. National regulations**US EPA SARA TITLE III**

312 Hazards:	313 Chemicals:
Aspiration hazard	None

Other national regulations: None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF: Bioconcentration Factor
cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate
CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)
ES: Exposure Standard
GHS: Globally Harmonized System
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level
N/A: Not Applicable
NA: Not Available
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL: No Observed Effect Level
OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure
STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure
TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
TWA: Time Weighted Average
US DOT: United States Department of Transportation
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance
WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references and sources for data: Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)
Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals
Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)
U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	On basis of components and test data

Relevant H-statements: H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Hazard pictogram names: Health hazard

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3, 4.1, 5.3, 8.1, 12.2, 12.3, 15.1.2, 16.

Date of last revision: 2 May 2018

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.