Safety Data Sheet

Issue date 18-May-2018 **Revision date** 18-May-2018 **Revision Number** 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identification

Product identifier	Lawson Dispense-A-Gasket Red Silicone Sealant
Other means of identification	93206
Recommended use	Sealant
Restrictions on use	Not available

Supplier

Corporate Headquarters:
Lawson Products, Inc.
8770 W. Bryn Mawr Ave., Suite 900
Chicago, IL 60631
(866) 837-9908

Canadian Distribution Center:
Lawson Canada
7315 Rapistan Court
Mississauga, ON L5N 5Z4
(800) 323-5922

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (888) 426-4851 (Prosar)

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification . This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Gases under pressure	Liquefied Gas

Symbol

Signal word WARNING

Hazard statements
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

General	P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand P102 - Keep out of reach of children P103 - Read label before use.
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Response	
General	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Eyes	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Skin	P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Inhalation	P340 - Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Ingestion	P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire	P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate method to extinguish
Spill	P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage P391 - Collect spillage
Storage	P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place P410 - Protect from sunlight
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable
Hazard(s) Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)	None known.
Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (PHNOC)	None known.
Unknown acute toxicity	None known

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition Mixture.

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	22984-54-9	5-10
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9	1-5
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	1-5
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	7631-86-9	<1
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	14808-60-7	<1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or environment and hence require reporting in this section

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms maybe delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Most important symptoms (acute)

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Most important symptoms (over-exposure)

Adverse symptoms may include the following:. Eye irritation. Redness.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms maybe delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards

No specific fire or explosion hazard. Hazardous Thermal Decomposition Products:. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. carbonyl halides. metal oxide/oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Halogenated compounds.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

No special precautions are required. Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information for 'non-emergency personnel'. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spill:. Stop leak if you can without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry in sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. See section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for disposal information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not re-use empty containers. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. See also section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Chemical name	OSHA PEL (TWA)	ACGIH OEL (TWA)	NIOSH - TWA
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	-	-	6 mg/m³ TWA
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	50 µg/m³ TWA 50 µg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.05 mg/m³ TWA

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or

work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection:. Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves (Nitrile or Viton) complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use the the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Canadian Province Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Alberta OEL	British Columbia OEL	Manitoba OEL	New Brunswick - OEL	Newfoundland & Labrador - OEL	Nova Scotia - OEL	Ontario OEL	Prince Edward Island - OEL	Quebec OEL	Saskatchewan - OEL
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.1 mg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.10 mg/m³ TWA	0.025 mg/m³ TWA	0.1 mg/m³ TWAEV	0.05 mg/m³ TWA

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Liquid Paste

Color Red

Odor	some odor
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point/range °C	Not available
Melting point/range °F	Not available
Boiling point/range °C	Not available
Boiling point/range °F	Not available
Flash point °C / °F	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not available
Lower explosion limit	Not available
Upper explosion limit	Not available
Vapor pressure	Not available
Vapor density	Not available
Relative density	1.05
Solubility	Not available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Autoignition temperature °C	Not available
Autoignition temperature °F	Not available
Decomposition temperature °C	Not available
Decomposition temperature °F	Not available
Viscosity	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	This material is considered stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	Avoid moisture. Oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

products not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure Dermal. Inhalation. Ingestion. Eyes.

Symptoms Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause skin irritation. redness.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical name	Inhalation LC50:	Dermal LD50:	Oral LD50:
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	> 2 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 17 g/kg (Rat) > 24 g/kg (Rat)
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	> 2.2 mg/L (Rat) 1 h	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 7900 mg/kg (Rat)
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	-	-	-

ATEmix (dermal) Not available

ATEmix (oral) Not available

ATEmix (inhalation-gas) Not available

ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) Not available

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) Not available

Carcinogenicity

Chemical name	ACGIH OEL - Carcinogens	IARC	OSHA RTK Carcinogens	NTP
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	-	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	-	Group 3	-	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	A2	Group 1	Listed	Known

Canadian Province carcinogenicity limits

Chemical name	Alberta - Carcinogen	British Columbia - Carcinogen	Manitoba - Carcinogen	New Brunswick - Carcinogen	Nova Scotia - Carcinogen	Quebec - Carcinogen
Methyltris	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical name	Alberta - Carcinogen	British Columbia - Carcinogen	Manitoba - Carcinogen	New Brunswick - Carcinogen	Nova Scotia - Carcinogen	Quebec - Carcinogen
(Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane						
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-	-	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen	ACGIH A2 IARC 1	ACGIH A2	-	ACGIH A2	C2 carcinogen

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	440: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	5000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 static
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	-	-

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Bioaccumulation

Chemical name	CAS-No	Partition coefficient (log Kow)
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane 22984-54-9	22984-54-9	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me 63148-62-9	63148-62-9	-
1,1-Difluoroethane 75-37-6	75-37-6	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated 7631-86-9	7631-86-9	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) 14808-60-7	14808-60-7	-

Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal information The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority

requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Contaminated packaging

Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its containers must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Follow label cautions even after the container is empty since empty containers could retain product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Descriptions

DOT

ID-No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class(es)	2.1
Special Provisions	LTD QTY

TDG

ID-No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class(es)	2.1
Special Provisions	LTD QTY

IATA

ID-No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class(es)	2.1
Special Provisions	LTD QTY

IMDG/IMO

ID-No	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard Class(es)	2.1
Special Provisions	LTD QTY

Marine Pollutants

Chemical name	CAS-No	USDOT Marine Pollutant	Canada TDG Marine Pollutant	IMDG Marine Pollutant
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	22984-54-9	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	-	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	7631-86-9	-	-	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	14808-60-7	-	-	-

Special Precautions

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container size. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons

transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

State regulations

U.S. state Right-to-Know regulations

Chemical name	CAS-No	Massachusetts - RTK	New Jersey - RTK	Pennsylvania - RTK
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	22984-54-9	-	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9	-	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	X	X	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	7631-86-9	X	-	X
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	14808-60-7	X	X	X

California Prop. 65

Chemical name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	22984-54-9	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	7631-86-9	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	14808-60-7	Carcinogen

U.S. Federal Regulations

EPA pesticide registration number Not applicable

RCRA - D Series Wastes Not available

US EPA SARA 313

Chemical name	CAS-No	CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances RQ	SARA 313 - Threshold Values
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	22984-54-9	-	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9	-	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	-	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	7631-86-9	-	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	14808-60-7	-	-

US EPA SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
Acute Health Hazard

International inventories All components of this product are listed on the following inventories: U.S.A. (TSCA 8(b)), Canada (DSL/NDSL) or are exempt.

Chemical name	DSL/NDSL	Inventory - United States - Section 8(b) Inventory (TSCA)	U.S. - TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - Section 12(b) - Export Notification
Methyltris (Ethylmethylketoxime) Silane	X	X	-
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me	X	X	-
1,1-Difluoroethane	X	X	-
Silicon Dioxide - hydrated	X	X	-
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)	X	X	-

Legend X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA

Health	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Instability	Not available

HMIS

Health	2
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0

Notice: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA).

Prepared by Regulatory Affairs

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Revision note

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
ATE (Average Toxicity Estimate)
DSL/NDSL (Domestic Substance List/Non-Domestic Substance List)
HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System)
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
IATA (International Air Transport Association)
IMDG/IMO (International Maritime Dangerous Goods/International Maritime Orgnaization)
NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)
NTP (National Toxicology Program)
OEL (Occupational Exposure Level)
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit)
TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)
USEPA (United States Environmental Protection Agency)

Disclaimer

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate, but is not warranted to be, whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and

suitable to their circumstances.

End of Safety Data Sheet