

Material Safety Data Sheet

U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration This form is consistent with ANSI standard for preparation of MSDS's in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Product Type: CENTAUR C 12X40	
Product Code: 7390	Profile No: 2
Effective Date: December 30, 2011	Supersedes: January 17, 2011

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name	Activated Carbon (Coconut Based)			
Product Use	Used according to	Used according to manufacturer's recommendation		
Company Identification (USA)	Calgon Carbon C	orporation		
	P.O. Box 717			
	Pittsburgh, PA 152	230-0717		
Telephone Number(s)	Information	412-787-6700		
	Emergency 412-787-6700			
Company Identification	Chemviron Carbon			
(Europe)	Zoning Industriel de Feluy			
	B-7181 Feluy, Belgium			
Telephone Number(s)	Information	32 64 51 18 11		
	Emergency	32 64 51 18 11		
Date Prepared Sig	nature of Preparer			
April 25, 2013 (op:	tional)			

SECTION II – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Regulator	y Status	:	Not regulated	
HMIS Ratings:	Health		0 4 = Extreme/Severe	
(NFPA)	Flammab	ility	1	3 = High/Serious
	Reactivity	y	0 2 = Moderate 1 = Slight	
	Special			0 = Minimum
			W = Water Reactive	
				OX = Oxidizer
Protective Equip	Protective Equipment : Safety glasses with side shields		or goggles, gloves, long sleeve shirt or	
1		lab coat, long pants recommended.		
Health Effects:		See Section IV.		
Environmental E	ffects:	See Section XII.		

Hazard Symbol	Hazard / Category	Warning	
	Eye Irritation Category 2B Respiratory Irritation Category 3	Contact may cause eye irritation. Dust may be slightly irritating to eyes and respiratory tract.	
		Wet activated carbon removes oxygen from air causing a severe hazard to workers in enclosed or confined space.	
Precautionary Statements			
Prevention:	Avoid generation of dust during handling. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use in a well-ventilated area.		
Response:	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.		
Storage:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
Container Labeling:	While Calgon Carbon Corporation has added GHS classification information to MSDS documents, changes to container labeling has not been implemented. Changes to container labels will be made in accordance to the requirements to be defined by OSHA's revision to the Hazard Communication Standard once final adoption of rule is approved and released.		

SECTION III – COMPOSITION /INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Identity (% by Wt)	Common Name (Ingredient / Component)	CAS No	Impurities
100	Activated Carbon (Coconut based)	7440-44-0	None

SECTION IV - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Route of Exposure	
Inhalation	Dust may cause mild irritation to the upper respiratory tract.
Skin	Dust may cause mild irritation, possibly reddening.
Eyes	Dust may cause mild irritation, possibly reddening.
Ingestion	Dust may cause mild irritation to digestive track resulting in
	nausea or diarrhea.
Signs/Symptoms of Exposure	Dust may cause irritation and redness of eyes, irritation of skin
	and respiratory system. The effects of long-term, low-level
	exposures to this product have not been determined.
Emergency and First Aid	For eye contact: Immediately flush with copious amounts of

Material Safety	Data Sheet	Profile No 2
material Carety	Data Citost	1 101110 110 =

Procedures	water for at least 15 minutes, lifting both the upper and lower lids occasionally; seek medical attention.
	For skin contact: Wash with soap and water; seek medical attention.
	For inhalation: Remove to fresh air and rest as needed; seek medical attention for any breathing difficulty.
	For ingestion: Drink plenty of water; seek medical attention.
Medical Conditions Generally	People with pre-existing skin conditions or eye problems or
Aggravated by Exposure	impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the potential effects of the dust.

SECTION V – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing	None known
Media	
Specific Hazards	As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures or by contact with an ignition source. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without producing smoke or flame. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide gas may be emitted upon combustion of material. Contact with strong oxidizers such as ozone or liquid oxygen may cause rapid combustion.
Protective Equipment and	Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus
Procedures	suitable for the surrounding fire.

SECTION VI – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Wear protective equipment, keep unnecessary personnel away, and ventilate area of spill.
Environmental Precautions	The material is not soluble, but can cause a particulate emission if discharged to waterways; therefore, dike all entrances to sewers and drains to avoid introducing the material into the waterways.
Containment & Clean-up	Dike all entrances to sewers and drains. Vacuum or shovel spilled material and place in closed container for disposal. Remove product to appropriate storage area until it can be properly disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Avoid dust formation. See section XIII.
Other Information	NA

SECTION VII – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for	Avoid prolonged contact with eyes and skin. Keep away from ignition sources.
Safe Handling	Use in well ventilated areas. Protect containers from physical damage. Wash
care manaming	hands after handling.
Conditions for	Store in cool, dry, ventilated area and in closed containers. Keep away from
Safe Storage	oxidizers, heat or flames. Store away from ignition sources.

SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component	OSHA	ACGIH	Other Limits
	PEL	TLV	
Activated Carbon	Data not available	Data not available	
Exposure Guidelines	Wet activated carbon removes oxygen from air posing a hazard to workers in enclosed or confined space. Before entering such an area, sample the air to assure sufficient oxygen supply. Use work procedures for low oxygen levels, observing all local, state and federal regulations.		
Engineering Controls	Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation in the workplace and safely remove carbon black from the air. Note: Wet activated carbon removes oxygen from air causing a severe hazard to workers in enclosed or confined space. If risk of overexposure exists, wear an approved respirator. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage area.		
Personal Protective Equipment	Use of NIOSH approved particulate filter is recommended if dust is generated in handling. The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed, i.e. gloves, safety glasses w/side shields or goggles, long sleeve shirt or lab coat, dust respirator if dusty and/or other protective clothing/equipment as determined appropriate.		
General Hygiene	The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed: i.e. Keep away from food and beverage; remove contaminated clothing immediately; wash hands before breaks or eating; avoid contact with eyes and skin.		

SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State (Appearance)		Black granular or powder material	
Color	Black	Molecular Weight NA	
Odor	None	Odor Threshold	None
pH Value	NA	Vapor Pressure	0

Material Safety Data Sheet Profile No 2

Melting Point	NA	Vapor Density	Solid
Freezing Point	NA	Relative Density	0.4 to 0.7
Initial Boiling Point	NA	Solubility	Not Soluble
Flashpoint	NA	Partition Coefficient	NA
Evaporation Rate	NA	Auto Ignition Temp.	>220 ⁰ C
Flammability	>220 ⁰ C	Decomp. Temp.	NA
UEL	NA	Viscosity	NA
LEL	NA		

SECTION X – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL	UNSTABLE		CONDITIONS TO AVOID:
STABILITY	STABLE	XX	None
POSSIBILITY OF	MAY OCCUR		CONDITIONS TO AVOID:
HAZARDOUS REACTION	WILL NOT OCCUR	XX	None
Caution: High concentrations of organics in air will cause temperature rise due to heat of adsorption. At very high concentration levels this may result in a thermal excursion, referred to as a bed fire. High concentrations of Ketones and Aldehydes may cause a bed temperature rise due to adsorption and oxidation.			
Materials to Avoid Alkali metals and strong oxidizers such as ozone, oxygen, permanganate, chlorine.			
Hazardous Decomposition Products		Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide gas may be generated during combustion of this material.	

SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Effects			
Toxicity Studies	Oral LD ₅₀	Not determined on the finished product.	
	Dermal LD ₅₀	Not determined on the finished product.	
Inhalation	See section IV.		
Ingestion	See section IV.		
Eye Irritation	See section IV.		
Skin Irritation	See section IV.		
Sensitization	Not determined on the finished product.		
Target Organ (s) o	Target Organ (s) or System Eyes, skin and upper respiratory system		
Signs and Symptoms of		Irritation and redness of eyes, irritation of skin and respiratory	
Exposure		system may result from exposure to carbon dust.	
See Sections III and IV.		See Sections III and IV.	
Chronic Effects			
Carcinogenicity		Not determined on the finished product.	

Material Safety Data Sheet Profile No 2

Mutagenicity	Not determined on the finished product.
Reproductive Effects	Not determined on the finished product.
Developmental Factors	Not determined on the finished product.

SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Not determined on the finished product.
Persistence/Degradability	Not determined on the finished product.
Bioaccumulation/Accumulation	Not determined on the finished product.
Mobility in Environmental Media	Not determined on the finished product.
Other Adverse Effects	Not determined on the finished product.

SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Vacuum or shovel material into a closed container. Storage and disposal should be in accordance with applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than state or federal requirements. Activated Carbon is an adsorbent media; hazard classification is generally determined by the adsorbate that the carbon has picked up. Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal.

SECTION XIV – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This information as presented below only applies to the material as shipped. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

methods in	methods in compliance with applicable regulations.					
	DOT Regulations	UN/NA Identification	CENTAUR C 12X40None on			
		Number:	finished product			
		UN- Proper Shipping	Not Regulated			
		Name:				
Land		Transport Hazard	None on finished product; see			
		Class:	Note 1 below			
		Packing Group:	None on finished product			
		Marine Pollutant:	None on finished product			
	Canadian WHMIS	Hazard Class:	None on finished product			
	IMO / IMDG	UN/NA Identification	CENTAUR C 12X40None on			
		Number:	finished product			
Water		UN- Proper Shipping	Not Regulated			
vvaler		Name:				
		Transport Hazard	None on finished product			
		Class:				

Material Safety Data Sheet

Profile No 2

		Packing Group:	None on finished product	
		Marine Pollutant: None on finished product		
	ICAO / IATA	UN/NA Identification Number:	None on finished product	
		UN- Proper Shipping	Not Regulated	
		Name:		
Air		Transport Hazard	None on finished product	
		Class:		
		Packing Group:	None on finished product	
	_	Marine Pollutant:	None on finished product	
		Information reported for product/size: 0.5 Kg		

Note 1: Under the UN classification for activated carbon, all activated carbons have been identified as a class 4.2 product. However, This product has been tested according to the <u>United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods</u> test protocol for a "self-heating substance" (United Nations Transportation of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.3.1.6 - Test N.4 - Test Method for Self Heating Substances) and it has been specifically determined that this product does not meet the definition of a self heating substance (class 4.2) or any other hazard class, and therefore should not be listed as a hazardous material. This information is applicable only for the Activated Carbon Product identified in this document.

SECTION XV – REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Title III 302	Product is not subject to SARA Title III, section 302 regulation.			
SARA Title III 313	Product is not subject to SARA Title III, section 313 regulation.			
TSCA	Product is lis	Product is listed.		
California Proposition 65	Product is n	ot listed.		
Canadian Classification	WHMIS	Product is listed.		
	DSL#	Product is listed.		
EEC Council Directives rela	ting to the	classification, packaging, and labeling of		
dangerous substances and	preparation	ons.		
Risk and Safety Phrases		ng to the eyes.		
_	R37: Irritating to the respiratory system.			
	R38: Irritating to the skin.			
Carbon, activated (CAS:	Canada - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits			
7440-44-0) is found on the	Canada - Yukon Permissible Concentrations for Airborne Contaminant Substances			
following regulatory lists:				
lene in ig regulatery neter		nestic Substances List (DSL)		
		Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods		
	Regulations			
	OECD Representative List of High Production Volume (HPV)			
	Chemicals			
	US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits			
	US - Idaho - Toxic and Hazardous Substances - Mineral Dust			
	US - Minnesota Hazardous Substance List			
	US - Minnes	sota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)		
		Island Hazardous Substance List		
	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule			

Material Safety Data Sheet	Profile No 2
	Limits for Air Contaminants
	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
	US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)
	US EPA High Production Volume Program Chemical List
	US FDA CESAN Color Additive Status List 4

US FDA CFSAN Color Additive Status List 6

SECTION XVI – OTHER INFORMATION

Intended Use	The material is generally	y used for treatment of	gases and liquids.
--------------	---------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability and completeness of this information for their particular use.

While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, Calgon Carbon Corporation makes no warranty with respect to same and disclaims all liability for reliance there on.

Legend:

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ANSI - American National Standards Institute

CAS # - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CFSAN - Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition

DOE - Department of Energy

DOT - Department of Transportation
DSL - Domestic Substances List
EEC - European Economic Community
EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
FDA - Food and Drug Administration

GHS - Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals)

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System
 IATA - International Air Transportation Association
 ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
 IMO - International Maritime Organization
 IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose expected to kill 50% of a group of test animals

LEL - Lower Explosive Limit

NA - Not Applicable

NFPA - National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
OECD - Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Association

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

UEL - Upper Explosive Limit

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

* * * END OF MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET * * *