# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date: 02-Sept.-2014

Revision Date: 02-April-2015

Version 1

## **1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier Product Name	Coastal Hi-Temp Grease			
Other means of identification SDS #	WUI-055			
Recommended use of the chemica				
Recommended Use	Lubricant.			
Details of the supplier of the safety Supplier Address Warren Oil Company 915 E. Jefferson Ave. West Memphis, AR 72301	data sheet			
Emergency Telephone Number Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr)	1-800-428-9284 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (North America) 1-7	'03-527-3887 (Inte	ernational	)
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
Appearance Red semi-solid to solid	Physical State Semi-solid to solid		Odor	Mild petroleum
Classification_				
Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 2		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Category 2		
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified ( May be harmful if swallowed	HNOC)			
<u>Signal Word</u> Warning				

Hazard Statements Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation



<u>Precautionary Statements - Prevention</u> Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear eye/face protection

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

#### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Unknown Acute Toxicity

11.163% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic	64742-52-5	60-70
Petroleum Oil		
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent refined	64742-01-4	1-10
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1-10
Lithium Hydroxide Solution	1310-66-3	1-10

\*\*If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

<u>First Aid Measures</u> General Advice	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid.
Eye Contact	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness or pain persists.
Skin Contact	If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean or discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Rinse out mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Allow small quantities to pass through the digestive system. If large amounts are swallowed or irritation of discomfort, seek medical attention immediately.
Meet immentent commuteres and of	

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes	s serious eye irritation.
--	---------------------------

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Skin: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal. Ingestion: Check for possible bowel obstruction with ingestion of large quantities of material.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Water or foam may cause frothing. Molten material can form flaming droplets if ignited. Use of water on product above 100°C

(212°F) can cause product to expand with explosive force.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/ or nitrogen.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces. Fight the fire from a safe distance in a protected location. Open any masses with a water stream to prevent reignition due to smoldering. Cool surface with water fog. Do not allow liquid runoff to enter sewers or public waters.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to section 8. Do not touch
	damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for Containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Methods for Clean-Up For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for lateral disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. In urban areas, clean up spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek clean up advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling If this product is stored or applied in high-pressure systems such as grease guns or hydraulic lines, there is the potential for accidental injection into the skin and underlying tissues. Empty containers may contain product residue that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible Materials** 

Strong oxidizing agents.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	TWA: none estab.
Petroleum Oil	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	STEL: none estab.	STEL: none estab.
64742-52-5			
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	IDLH: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb
15890-25-2		(vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb
Barium Sulfonate	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ba	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ba	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> except Barium
25619-56-1	-	(vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ba	sulfate Ba
Xylene	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	-
1330-20-7	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	
		(vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		(vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	
		(vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
100-41-4		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 125 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 125 ppm	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/Face Protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

- Skin and Body Protection Chemical resistant, impermeable gloves. Long sleeve shirt and long pants. Aprons. Wear a lab coat.
- **Respiratory Protection** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Color Semi-solid to solid Red semi-solid to solid Red

Odor Odor Threshold Mild petroleum Not determined

Property	Values	Remarks • Method
рН	Not available	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not available	
Flash Point	150 °C / 302 °F	Open cup
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not determined	
Upper Flammability Limits	Not available	
Lower Flammability Limit	Not available	
Vapor Pressure	<01001 kPA (<0.01 mm Hg)(at 20°C)	
Vapor Density	>10	(Air=1)
Specific Gravity	0.93	(Water = 1)
Water Solubility	Negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	Not determined	
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive Properties	Not determined	
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined	

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### **Chemical Stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

#### Hazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame and incompatible materials.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizing agents.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/ or nitrogen.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

- Skin Contact Causes skin irritation.
- Inhalation Do not inhale.
- Ingestion Do not ingest.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent 64742-58-1	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent refined 64742-01-4	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 2.18 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Azelaic acid 123-99-9	> 5 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Xylene 1330-20-7	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 5000 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 47635 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg(Rat)	= 15354 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

#### Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms	Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.		
Delayed and immediate effects as	well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.		
Numerical measures of toxicity Not determined			
Unknown Acute Toxicity	11.163% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.		

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil 64742-52-5		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent 64742-58-1		79.6: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 semi-static 3.2: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 semi-static		
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent refined 64742-01-4		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Xylene		13.4: 96 h Pimephales	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	3.82: 48 h water flea mg/L
1330-20-7		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-	EC50 = 0.0084  mg/L 24  m	EC50 0.6: 48 h Gammarus
1550-20-7		through 2.661 - 4.093: 96 h		lacustris mg/L LC50
		0		lacustils mg/L LC50
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 13.5 - 17.3: 96 h		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L		
		LC50 13.1 - 16.5: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50 flow-through 19: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50 7.711 - 9.591: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50 static 23.53 - 29.97: 96		
		h Pimephales promelas mg/L		
		LC50 static 780: 96 h		
		Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50		
		semi-static 780: 96 h		
		Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50		
		30.26 - 40.75: 96 h Poecilia		
		reticulata mg/L LC50 static		
Ethylbenzene	4.6: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	11.0 - 18.0: 96 h	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min	1.8 - 2.4: 48 h Daphnia
100-41-4	subcapitata mg/L EC50 438:	Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L	EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	magna mg/L EC50
	96 h Pseudokirchneriella	LC50 static 4.2: 96 h		
	subcapitata mg/L EC50 2.6 -	Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L		
	11.3: 72 h	LC50 semi-static 7.55 - 11:		
	Pseudokirchneriella	96 h Pimephales promelas		
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 flow-through 32:		
	static 1.7 - 7.6: 96 h	96 h Lepomis macrochirus		
	Pseudokirchneriella	mg/L LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6:		
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	96 h Pimephales promelas		
	static	mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h		
		Poecilia reticulata mg/L		
		LC50 static		
,	subcapitata mg/L EC50 438: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 2.6 - 11.3: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static 1.7 - 7.6: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	reticulata mg/L LC50 static 11.0 - 18.0: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static 7.55 - 11: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 32: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L		

Persistence/Degradability Not determined.

## **Bioaccumulation**

Not determined.

## **Mobility**

Not determined

## **Other Adverse Effects**

Not determined

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

#### **US EPA Waste Number**

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Xylene		Included in waste stream:		U239
1330-20-7		F039		
Ethylbenzene		Included in waste stream:		
100-41-4		F039		

#### California Hazardous Waste Status

Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate Toxic 15890-25-2	Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
15890-25-2	, ,	Toxic
	15890-25-2	

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

<u>Note</u>	Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.
DOT	Not regulated
IATA_	Not regulated
IMDG_	Not regulated

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

TSCA Listed

Legend: TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

#### US Federal Regulations

#### SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate - 15890-25-2	15890-25-2	1-10	1.0
Barium Sulfonate - 25619-56-1	25619-56-1	<1	1.0
Xylene - 1330-20-7	1330-20-7	<1	1.0
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	100-41-4	<1	0.1

#### CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate 15890-25-2 (1-10)		Х		
US State Regulations				

<u>California Proposition 65</u> This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	Carcinogen	

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate	Х		Х
15890-25-2			
Lithium Hydroxide Solution	Х		
1310-66-3			
Barium Sulfonate	Х		Х
25619-56-1			

Χ	^	~
Х	Х	Х
	X X	x x

16. OTHER INFORMATION				
<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
HMIS_	1 Health Hazards	1 Flammability	0 Physical Hazards	Not determined Personal Protection
	1	1	0	Not determined
Issue Date:	05-Jun-	2014		

2-April-2015

New format

Disclaimer

**Revision Date:** 

**Revision Note:** 

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet