



According to Australia NOHSC (2011) and NZ HSNO (2006) Codes of Practice

Printing date: 24.06.2016 Revision: 24.06.2016

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· Product identifier

· Trade name: CLP Aerosol

· Article number:

CLP-12-1, CLP-12-12, CLP-2-1, CLP-2-10, CLP-2-100, (1009218, 1009219, 1009226, 1009227, 1009228)

- · Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the mixture: Lubricant
- · Uses advised against: Contact manufacturer.
- Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Safariland, LLC
13386 International Parkway
Jacksonville, FL 32218 USA
Customer Care (800) 347-1200
Australia:
Aquaterro
23 Maskells Hill Road
Selby, Melbourne 3159 VIC
Australia
Tel +61 3 9754 2922

New Zealand Hunting & Fishing 903 Tremain Avenue, PO Box 4472 Roslyn, Palmerston North 4414 New Zealand Tel +64 6-355 1308

New Zealand Ammunition 10/1 Nicolaus Street PO Box 40401 Upper Hutt 5140 New Zealand Tel +64 (4) 526-9253 info@nzammo.co.nz

· Emergency telephone number:

ChemTel Inc. (800)255-3924, +1 (813)248-0585

Poison Control Centres:

In the United Kingdom: 844 892 0111

In Australia: 131126

In New Zealand: +0800 764 766

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2 Hazards identification

· Classification (Australia, New Zealand)

Australia ADG – Dangerous Goods (Classified according to National Transport Commision Australian Dangerous Goods Code)

Australia NOHSC – Hazardous Substance (Classified according to Worksafe Australia NOHSC 2011 National Code of Practice)

New Zealand HSNO - Hazardous (Classified according to the Minimum Degrees of Hazard Regulations 2001)

· Hazard statements (New Zealand HSNO Classification)

Compressed Gas - required under Land Transport Rule 45001/1: Dangerous Goods 2005.

HSNO 6.1D Inh. Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

HSNO 6.1E Skin Tox. 5 H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

HSNO 6.1E Asp. Tox 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

· GHS label elements

The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

· Hazard pictograms





GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

1-decene, dimer, hydrotreated

Reaction products of 1-decene, hydrogenated

· Hazard statements

The following Hazard Statements are only applicable to New Zealand, and are not applicable to Australia: H313.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· Precautionary statements

The following Precautionary Statements are applicable only to New Zealand and not to Australia: P101, P102, P103.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

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- · Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

· Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

· Components:				
68649-12-7	Reaction products of 1-decene, hydrogenated	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	30-60%	
68649-11-6	1-decene, dimer, hydrotreated	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 5, H313	30-60%	
811-97-2	Norflurane	Press. Gas C, H280	Propellant%	

[·] Additional information: For the wording of the listed Hazard Statements refer to section 16.

4 First aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.
- · After inhalation:

Supply fresh air.

Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

Provide oxygen treatment if affected person has difficulty breathing.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

After skin contact:

Clean with water and soap.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

A person vomiting while laying on their back should be turned onto their side.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

· Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Coughing

Breathing difficulty

Dizziness

Slight irritant effect on eyes.

· Hazards:

Danger of pulmonary oedema.

Danger of impaired breathing.

Danger of pneumonia.

Harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

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Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs.

If necessary oxygen respiration treatment.

Later observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

Medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

5 Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

Water haze or fog

Foam

Gaseous extinguishing agents

Carbon dioxide

Fire-extinguishing powder

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None.
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Danger of receptacles bursting because of high vapour pressure when heated.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information: Cool endangered receptacles with water fog or haze.

6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For large spills, use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

For large spills, wear protective clothing.

Particular danger of slipping on leaked/spilled product.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Environmental precautions

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

· Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Allow to evaporate.

Absorb liquid components with liquid-binding material.

Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

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See Section 13 for disposal information.

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7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling

Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C, i.e. electric lights. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect from heat.

Do not spray onto a naked flame or any incandescent material.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.

Provide ventilation for receptacles.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from foodstuffs.

Store away from oxidising agents.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

· Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Control parameters
- Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

- **DNELs:** No further relevant information available.
- · PNECs: No further relevant information available.
- Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.

· Respiratory protection:

Not required under normal conditions of use.

Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

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For large spills, respiratory protection may be advisable.

NIOSH or EN approved organic vapour respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Neoprene gloves Nitrile rubber, NBR

Eye protection:



Safety glasses

Follow relevant national guidelines concerning the use of protective eyewear.

· Body protection:

Not required under normal conditions of use.

Protection may be required for spills.

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment:

No further relevant information available.

· Risk management measures:

See Section 7 for additional information.

No further relevant information available.

9 Physical and chemical properties

· Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· Appearance

Form: Aerosol
Colour: Light brown
Odour: Petroleum-like
Odour threshold: Not determined.

pH-value: Not determined.Melting point/Melting range: Not determined.

Boiling point/Boiling range: Not applicable, as aerosol.

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· Flash point:	Not applicable, as aerosol.
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.
· Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined.
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
· Explosion limits Lower: Upper:	4.9 Vol % 20.2 Vol %
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
 Density at 20 °C (68 °F): Relative density: Vapour density: Evaporation rate: 	0.85 g/cm³ (7.093 lbs/gal) (composant liquide) Not determined. Not determined. Not applicable.
· Solubility in / Miscibility with water:	Fully miscible.
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ater): Not determined.
· Viscosity Dynamic: Kinematic: VOC (California)	Not determined. Not determined. < 5.0 % Vol
· Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Danger of receptacles bursting because of high vapour pressure when heated.

· Possibility of hazardous reactions

Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point.

Reacts violently with oxidising agents.

Reacts with strong acids and alkali.

· Conditions to avoid

Store away from oxidising agents.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

- · Incompatible materials No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Danger of toxic fluorine based pyrolysis products.

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11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification: None.
- · Primary irritant effect
- · Skin corrosion/irritation: Slight irritant effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation: Slight irritant effect on eyes.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation: No sensitising effects known.

· IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Probable routes of exposure:

Inhalation

Skin contact.

Eve contact.

· Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity):

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

- · Repeated dose toxicity: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

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13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- Recommendation

Can be burned with household garbage after consulting with the waste disposal facility operator and the pertinent authorities and adhering to the necessary technical regulations.

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

-	
· UN-Number · DOT, ADG, IMDG, IATA	UN1950
· UN proper shipping name	
· DOT	Aerosols, non-flammable
· ADG	1950 AEROSOLS
· IMDG	AEROSOLS
· IATA	AEROSOLS, non-flammable
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT	
· Class	2.2
· Label	2.2
· ADG	
· Class	2 5A Gases.
· Label	2.2
· IMDG, IATA	
· Class	2.2
· Label	2.2

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· Packing group	This UN-number is not assigned a packing group.
Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	No
· Special precautions for user	Warning: Gases.
· Danger code (Kemler):	-
· EMS Number:	F-D,S-U
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	of Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADG	
· Transport category	3
· Tunnel restriction code	E

15 Regulatory information

- · Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · United States (USA)
- · SARA
- · Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients are listed.

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

- · Carcinogenic Categories
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

None of the ingredients are listed.

- · Australia
- · Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

All ingredients are listed.

· Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

None of the ingredients are listed.

- · New Zealand
- HSNO Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

811-97-2 Norflurane

· New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC)

All ingredients are listed.

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· Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations

· Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

None of the ingredients are listed.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

Press. Gas C: Gases under pressure - Compressed gas

Acute Tox. 5: Acute toxicity – Category 5 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Sources

SDS Prepared by:

ChemTel Inc.

1305 North Florida Avenue

Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902

Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573

Website: www.chemtelinc.com