

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name	ZEREX™ EXTREME EXTENDED LIFE Antifreeze	Coolant
Product code	ZXZPCEL2	
Company	Valvoline LLC 3499 Blazer Parkway Lexington, KY 40509 United States of America	
E-mail address Telephone Telefax	SDS@valvoline.com 1-800-TEAMVAL	
Emergency telephone number	1-800-VALVOLINE	

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS	Classification
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Acute toxicity (Oral) Skin irritation Eye irritation Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) Acute aquatic toxicity	<ul> <li>Category 4</li> <li>Category 2</li> <li>Category 2A</li> <li>Category 2</li> <li>Category 2 (Kidney, Liver)</li> <li>Category 3</li> </ul>
GHS-Labelling	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.</li> <li>H402 Harmful to aquatic life.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	: <b>Prevention:</b> P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

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P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. **Response:** P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P330 Rinse mouth. P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Storage: P405 Store locked up. Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	>=60 - <=100 %
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6	>=1 - <5 %
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	>=1 - <5 %
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	>=1 - <5 %
SODIUM NITRITE	7632-00-0	>=0.1 - <1 %

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

: Move out of dangerous area. Get medical attention immediately. ZXZPCEL2

	Do not leave the victim unattended. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
First aid measures for differe In case of eye contact	nt exposure routes : Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove contact lenses.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.</li> <li>Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move to fresh air.</li> <li>Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.</li> <li>Keep patient warm and at rest.</li> <li>If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.</li> <li>Keep respiratory tract clear.</li> <li>If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.</li> <li>In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>Rinse mouth with water.</li> <li>If conscious, drink plenty of water.</li> <li>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> <li>Obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed (new)	<ul> <li>Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea) irritation (nose, throat, airways) Cough central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, light-headed feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects chest pain pain in the abdomen and lower back cyanosis (causes blue coloring of the skin and nails from lack of oxygen) lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue) acute kidney failure (sudden slowing or stopping of urine production) liver damage lung damage damage to the mouth, throat, and/or airways Convulsions coma</li> </ul>



Notes to physician (new) :	Effects of acute ethylene glycol poisoning appear in three fairly distinct stages. The initial stage occurs shortly after exposure, lasts 6-12 hours, and is characterized by central nervous system effects (transient exhilaration, nausea, vomiting, and in severe cases, coma, convulsions, and possible death). The second stage lasts from 12-36 hours after exposure and is initiated by the onset of coma. This phase is characterized by tachypnia, tachycardia, mild hypotension, cyanosis, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, bronchopneumonia, cardiac enlargement, and congestive failure. The final stage occurs 24-72 post- exposure and is characterized by renal failure, ranging from a mild increase in blood urea nitrogen and creatinine followed by recovery, to complete anuria with acute tubular necrosis that can lead to death. Oxaluria is found in most cases. The most significant laboratory finding in ethylene glycol intoxication is severe metabolic acidosis. Ingestion or other significant exposure to this material (or a component) may cause metabolic acidosis.
	This product contains ethylene glycol. Ethanol decreases the metabolism of ethylene glycol to toxic metabolites. Ethanol should be administered as soon as possible in cases of severe poisoning since the elimination half-life of ethylene glycol is 3 hours. If medical care will be delayed several hours, give the patient three to four 1-ounce oral "shots" of 86-proof or higher whiskey before or during transport to the hospital. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol poisoning. Hemodialysis effectively removes ethylene glycol and its metabolites from the body. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol and its metabolites from the body.

## **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	: ABC powder Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water mist
Unsuitable extinguishing	: Halons



## media

Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Alcohols Aldehydes carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide ethers Hydrocarbons potassium oxide toxic fumes
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	ersons not wearing protective equipment s om area of spill until clean-up has been con vacuate personnel to safe areas.	
Environmental precautions	revent further leakage or spillage if safe to	do so.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	oak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. s cid binder, universal binder, sawdust). arge spills should be collected mechanicall umping) for disposal. eep in suitable, closed containers for dispo	y (remove by
Additional advice	omply with all applicable federal, state, and	l local regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Technical measures	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.	
Advice on safe handling	Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. For personal protection see section 8. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in Avoid exceeding of the given occupational expos see section 8). Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibite application area.	sure limits



Avoidance of contact	: Acids Alcohols Aldehydes Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals aluminum Amines Ammonia Bases chlorinated solvents chromium trioxide Copper Copper alloys halogenated hydrocarbons Metals Reducing agents strong alkalis Strong oxidizing agents Sulphur compounds water Zinc
Storage	
Conditions for safe storage	<ul> <li>Store in original container.</li> <li>Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well- ventilated place.</li> <li>Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.</li> </ul>
Materials to avoid	: Acids, Alcohols, Aldehydes, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, aluminum, Amines, Ammonia, Bases, chlorinated solvents, chromium trioxide, Copper, Copper alloys, halogenated hydrocarbons, Metals, Reducing agents, strong alkalis, Strong oxidizing agents, Sulphur compounds, water, Zinc
Other data	: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	Ceiling (Aerosol.)	100 mg/m3	UY OEL

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ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	Ceiling (Aerosol.)	100 mg/m3	PY OEL
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	Ceiling (Aerosol.)	100 mg/m3	EC OEL
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	Ceiling (Aerosol.)	100 mg/m3	CR OEL
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	(Aerosol.)		CR OEL
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	UY OEL
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	PY OEL
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	EC OEL
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	CR OEL
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	UY OEL
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	PY OEL
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	EC OEL
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	CR OEL
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	(Inhalable fraction and vapor)		CR OEL

## US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	CAS-No.	Value (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	Ceiling (Aerosol.)	100 mg/m3	ACGIH
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

## Engineering measures

: Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below level of overexposure (from known, suspected or apparent adverse effects).

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit
		they must use appropriate certified respirators.

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In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

Eye protection	Face-shield	
Hand protection	Wear resistant gloves such as:	
Material	butyl-rubber	
	nitrile rubber	
Skin and body protection	Wear as appropriate: Safety shoes impervious clothing Chemical resistant apron Discard contaminated shoes.	
Hygiene measures	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close tworkstation location.	to the

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: dark orange
Odour	: No data available
рН	: Average 9.2, GLP: see user defined free text
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 330 °F(1013 hPa)
Flash point	: > 121 °C
Upper explosion limit	: No data available
Lower explosion limit	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Density	: 1.126 g/cm3 (15.6 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: No data available
Solubility in other solvents	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No data available



Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Thermal decomposition	: No data available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: No hazards to be specially mentioned.
	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to moisture.
Incompatible materials	: Acids Alcohols Aldehydes Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals aluminum Amines Ammonia Bases chlorinated solvents chromium trioxide Copper Copper alloys halogenated hydrocarbons Metals Reducing agents strong alkalis Strong oxidizing agents Sulphur compounds water Zinc
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Alcohols         Aldehydes         carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide         ethers         Hydrocarbons         Organic acids         potassium oxide         ketones     </li> </ul>

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Product

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Acute oral toxicity	: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No data available
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: No data available
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No data available
<u>Components:</u>	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL: Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 6,140 mg/kg
	LD50 Human: Estimated 1.56 g/kg The component/mixture is classified as acute oral toxicity, category 4.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rabbit: 9,530 mg/kg
STOT - repeated exposure	: Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Kidney, Liver Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:</b> Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Human: Expected 1,120 mg/kg Target Organs: Kidney
Acute inhalation toxicity	<ul> <li>LC50 rat: &gt; 4.6 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist No adverse effect has been observed in acute inhalation toxicity tests.</li> </ul>
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rabbit: 13,300 mg/kg
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Test Method: Maximisation Test (GPMT) Species: guinea pig Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals. Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.6.

Germ cell mutagenicity



Genotoxicity in vitro	: Type: Ames test with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 GLP: yes
	: Test species: Chinese hamster ovary cells with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 479 GLP: yes
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Type: In vivo micronucleus test Test species: mouseMethod: OECD Test Guideline 474 GLP: yes Result: negative
STOT - repeated exposure	<ul> <li>Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Kidney Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Experience with human exposure	: Liver
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID: Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat, male: 3 g/kg
	LD 50 Rat, female: 2,043 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC0 Rat: 0.11 mg/l Exposure time: 8 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: > 2,000 mg/kg
<b>POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE:</b> Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 333 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rabbit: 1,260 mg/kg
<b>SODIUM NITRITE:</b> Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 180 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat: 5.5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h



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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Ecotoxicity <u>Product:</u>	
No data available	
Components:	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC 50 (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)): 27,540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Static Mortality
	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)): 8,050 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)): 75,210 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: flow-through test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Method: static test Method: DIN 38412
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID:	
Toxicity to fish	<ul> <li>LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: static test</li> </ul>
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): 85.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test
Toxicity to algae	: EC 50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 49.3 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Method: static test
<b>POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE:</b> Toxicity to fish	: LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)): 80 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h



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Method: Static Mortality

SODIUM NITRITE:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.54 - 26.3 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: flow-through test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	<ul> <li>EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): 15.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</li> </ul>
Toxicity to algae	<ul> <li>EC 50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Method: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</li> </ul>
Toxicity to bacteria	<ul> <li>EC10 (activated sludge): 210 mg/l</li> <li>Exposure time: 3 h</li> <li>Test Method: Static</li> <li>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</li> </ul>
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: 6.16 mg/l Exposure time: 31 d Species: Ictalurus catus (catfish) Test Method: flow-through test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: 9.86 mg/l Exposure time: 80 d Species: Aquatic invertebrates Test Method: static test
rsistence and degradability	
Product:	

No data available

## Components:

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:	
Biodegradability	<ul> <li>Result: Readily biodegradable.</li> <li>Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %</li> <li>Exposure time: 28 d</li> <li>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B</li> </ul>

## 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID:

Biodegradability	:	Biodegradation:	99 %
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Exposure time: 28 d Readily biodegradable

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# **Bioaccumulative potential** Product: No data available **Components:** ETHYLENE GLYCOL: Bioaccumulation : Species: Crayfish (Procambarus) Exposure time: 61 d Concentration: 1000 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.27 Method: Flow through Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: -1.36 octanol/water DIETHYLENE GLYCOL: Bioaccumulation : Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 100 Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: -1.47 octanol/water 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID: Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: 2.64 octanol/water **SODIUM NITRITE:** Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: -3.700 (25 °C) octanol/water Mobility in soil Product: No data available Components: ETHYLENE GLYCOL: Surface tension : 48.4 mN/m DIETHYLENE GLYCOL: Surface tension : 48.5 mN/m



Stability in soil : Not expected to adsorb on soil.

## Other adverse effects

## Product:

## Components:

No data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.
	Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Container hazardous when empty. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	<ul> <li>Empty remaining contents.</li> <li>Dispose of as unused product.</li> <li>Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.</li> <li>Do not re-use empty containers.</li> <li>Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.</li> </ul>

## **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## International transport regulations

## REGULATION

ID NUMBER	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	*HAZARD CLASS	SUBSIDIARY HAZARDS	PACKING GROUP	MARINE POLLUTANT /
					LTD. QTY.

## INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - CARGO

Not dangerous goods



### INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - PASSENGER Not dangerous goods

no

## INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS

Not dangerous goods

## UN\_DG

#### Not dangerous goods \*ORM = ORM-D, CBL = COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

Marine pollutant

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated above) may not reflect quantity, end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## Other international regulations

## **Notification status**

US. Toxic Substances Control Act		y (positive listing)
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL). (Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)	:	q (quantity restricted)
Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment) Act		n (Negative listing)
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by	:	n (Negative listing)
ERMA New Zealand		
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	:	n (Negative listing)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List	:	n (Negative listing)
Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear	:	n (Negative listing)
Waste Control Act		
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	:	y (positive listing)

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Further information** 

Other information

: The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by Valvoline's Environmental Health and Safety Department.



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List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be, but not necessarily are, used in this safety data sheet :

ACGIH : American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

BEI : Biological Exposure Index

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).

CMR : Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or Toxic for Reproduction

FG : Food grade

GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

H-statement : Hazard Statement

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR : Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI (ICAO) : Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

ISO : International Organization for Standardization

logPow : octanol-water partition coefficient

LCxx : Lethal Concentration, for xx percent of test population

LDxx : Lethal Dose, for xx percent of test population.

ICxx : Inhibitory Concentration for xx of a substance

Ecxx : Effective Concentration of xx

N.O.S.: Not Otherwise Specified

OECD : Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

P-Statement : Precautionary Statement

PBT : Persistent , Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PPE : Personal Protective Equipment

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

STOT : Specific Target Organ Toxicity

TLV : Threshold Limit Value

TWA : Time-weighted average

vPvB : Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WEL : Workplace Exposure Level

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act DOT : Department of Transportation

FIFRA : Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

HMIRC : Hazardous Materials Information Review Commission

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH : National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PMRA : Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency

RTK : Right to Know

WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System