



January, 2013 1209, 1309, 1409

## SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT (TRADE) NAME:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER(S):

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS:

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

CHEMICAL FORMULA: CH<sub>3</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>3</sub>

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: Read/Right: (904) 482-0091
CHEMTREC (Transportation): (800) 424-9300

#### SECTION 2: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS#	%	OSHA PEL(ppm)	ACGIH TLV (ppm)
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	65.00	400	400
Ammonium Hydroxide	1336-21-6	0.05	50	25
Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl	68391-01-5	0.21	NA	NA
Ammonium Chloride				
Alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl	68956-79-6	0.21	NA	NA
Ammonium Chloride				
Deionized Water	7732-18-5	34.53	NA	NA

### SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product is distributed as either a single use, presaturated pad, or in a plastic dispenser holding up to 75 presaturated pads. In both cases, all the liquid is absorbed by the applicator(s). Isopropyl alcohol is a flammable liquid. Eye contact will cause local irritation and burning sensations with possible injury if not removed promptly. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may produce irritation and cause dermatitis. Exposure above TLV may cause irritation of respiratory tract and eyes along with headaches, dizziness and CNS effects. May be harmful if swallowed.

Carcinogenicity (OSHA/NTP/IARC/ACGIH): Not Listed Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Not Listed

#### SECTION 4: FIRST AID INFORMATION

EYE CONTACT: Flush with water for 15 minutes, including under eyelids. Get Medical help.

SKIN CONTACT: Flush with water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest. Restore and/or support breathing as needed.

Get prompt Medical attention.

INGESTION: In the unlikely event of ingestion of a wiper, first aid measures should focus

on removal of the object and preventing choking. Once removed, keep affected

person at rest. Call physician immediately.

# SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (TCC): 72°F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% BY VOLUME): LEL: NA UEL: NA

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE  ${}^{\circ}F$  ( ${}^{\circ}C$ ): NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Isopropyl alcohol fires may be extinguished using carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol foam. Water may be used to cool containers exposed to the fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Isopropyl alcohol may release vapors which may ignite at or above flash point.

NFPA RATING: HEALTH (1)

FLAMMABILITY (3) REACTIVITY (0)

Formulation is classified as an OSHA Class IB Flammable Liquid  ${\tt NA}$  = Not Available

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Since the isopropyl alcohol solution is completely absorbed by the applicator and the amount of isopropyl alcohol per applicator is small, the chance of a significant spill occurring is small. In the event however, a significant amount of liquid is released, ventilate the area, especially low areas where vapors may collect and remove all sources of ignition. Cleanup personnel need protection against liquid contact and vapor inhalation.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a clean, cool, ventilated area away from sources of ignition and oxidizing agents. Handle and store in a manner suitable for an OSHA Class IB Flammable Liquid. Electrical services must meet applicable codes. Use non-sparking tools.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Provide ventilation to maintain TLV(s). Use non-sparking tools. Avoid inhalation of vapors, contact with eyes and repeated or prolonged contact with skin. Do not take internally.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT (°f(°C)):	184(84)	% VOLATILE BY VOLUME @ 25°C:	100
VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg @ 25°C):	43	<pre>EVAPORATION RATE(BUTYL ACETATE=1):</pre>	>1
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):	>1	FORM:	Saturated Wipe
% SOLUBLE IN WATER @ 25°C:	100	ODOR:	Alcohol
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G/CC@25°C)	0.87	APPEARANCE OF LIQUID:	Clear

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

INCOMPATIBILITIES/CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Caustics, amines, alkanolamines, aldehydes, ammonia,

strong oxidizing agents and chlorinated compounds.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not Available

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not Available

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow Federal, State and Local regulations.

January, 2013 1209, 1309, 1409 Page 3

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class: UN Number: Packing Group: Hazard Labeling:

IATA/ICAO CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class: UN Number: Packing Group: Hazard Labeling:

 $\underline{\textbf{IMDG CLASSIFICATION}}\colon \ \mathtt{Not} \ \ \mathtt{Regulated}$ 

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class: IMDG Page#: Packing Group: Flash Point (°C): Marine Pollutant:

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### SARA TITLE III REPORTING:

Toxic Chemical(Section 313):

Extremely Hazardous Substance
(Section 302, 304, 311,312):

Not listed

Hazard Class: Chronic Health Yes

Acute Health Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Pressure Hazard No
Reactivity Hazard No

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS All components

listed are on the TSCA inventory

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided herein is compiled from internal reports and data from professional publication. It is furnished without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. It is intended solely to assist in evaluating suitability and proper use of the material and in implementing safety precautions and procedures. Employers should use this information as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials. All information used must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.