

01/01/15

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Product Identity / Alternate Names

F-900 Torque Seal

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstIntended use / Application MethodN/A

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company Name

Emergency 24 hour Emergency Telephone No.

Customer Service: Organic Products Company

CHEM-TEL (800) 255-3924 Outside USA (813) 248-0585 (972) 438-7321

1963 E. Irving Blvd. Irving Texas 75060

Organic Products Company

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute Tox. 4;H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4;H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4;H332	Harmful if inhaled.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.



[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P307+311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Ethanol CAS Number: 0000064-17-5	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225	[1][2]
Methanol CAS Number: 0000067-56-1	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Acute Tox. 3;H331 Acute Tox. 3;H311 Acute Tox. 3;H301 STOT SE 1;H370	[1][2]

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance. *The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

 General
 Move victim to fresh air. Keep victim warm and quiet. Call 911 or emergency medical service if deemed necessary. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Do not remove if adhering to skin. In case of contact, flush skin or eyes with water. Wash skin with soap and water. In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.



- **Eyes** Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
- **Skin** Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed. In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water.
- IngestionIf chemical is swallowed, Call Physician Or Poison Control Center For Most Current Information.
Ingestion is life threatening.
Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having
convulsions, or who cannot swallow.
Victims Of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for
medical attention, if necessary. Take copy of label and SDS with victim to health professional.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Acute: Severe irritation of the tissue that had contact with the product (skin, eyes, mucous membranes). Drowsiness, fatigue, confusion may be experienced after inhalation or ingestion of the material.

Chronic: Methanol is eliminated slowly from the body. Therefore repeated exposures may build up to toxic levels in body tissues. Animal studies shows long term exposures to Methanol damages the CNS, kidneys or liver, skin disorders, and birth defects.

Symptoms of Over Exposure by Route of Exposure: Methanol may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or injected into skin. Methanol can cause skin and eye irritation or damage. Methanol can be very irritating to mucous membranes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Methanol vapors may lead to irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms of overexposure may include dizziness, coughing, headache, dyspnea, lachrymation, nausea and vomiting. Exposure to high concentrations of this material vapor may cause unconsciousness or death.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eyes, ingestion.

Target Organs: CNS, eyes, circulatory and respiratory systems.

Contact With Skin or Eyes: Methanol is an eye and skin irritant. Splashes in the eye may cause eye irritation, redness, tearing, and temporary corneal damage or blindness.

Skin Absorption: Methanol is absorbed through the skin and may result in effects similar to inhalation exposure.

Ingestion: Ingestion of one to four ounces of Methanol can cause irreversible damage to the nervous system, blindness, or death. It cannot be made non-poisonous. Aspiration of the material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Injection: Injection of Methanol can lead to redness and irritation of the surrounding tissue.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.



5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam, Sand.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).

Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated.

Many liquids are lighter than water.

Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes.

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Collect in flammable waste container for disposal.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.



7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

Incompatible materials: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

STORE @ 40-80 F SHELF LIFE: 6 MONTHS FROM DATE OF MANUFACTURE

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure			
CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000064-17-5 Ethanol		OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	STEL: 1000 ppm Revised 2009,
		NIOSH	TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000067-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3)
	ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppmSTEL: 250 ppm Skin	
	NIOSH	TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3) ST 250 ppm (325 mg/m3) [skin]	
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000064-17-5	Ethanol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: Yes; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0000067-56-1	Methanol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;



8.2. Exposure controls	
Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Protective safety glasses recommended.
Skin	Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed. All parts of the body should be washed after contact. Use neoprene or rubber gloves.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colored Paste
Odor	Alcohol Odor
Odor threshold	Not Measured
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point / freezing point	Not Measured
Initial boiling point and boiling range	148 F (64 C)
Flash Point	109 F (Tag Open Cup)
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	< 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured
	Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured
Vapor pressure (Pa)	Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured 127 mm Hg @25 C
Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density	
	127 mm Hg @25 C
Vapor Density	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11
Vapor Density Specific Gravity	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11 1.077
Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11 1.077 Appreciable
Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11 1.077 Appreciable Not Measured
Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11 1.077 Appreciable Not Measured Not Measured
Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	127 mm Hg @25 C 1.11 1.077 Appreciable Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.



10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperatures, fires, and incompatibles.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Ethanol - (64-17-5)	7,060.00, Rat - Category: NA	20,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	124.70, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Methanol - (67-56-1)	143.00, Human - Category: 3	No data available	No data available	No data available	64,000.00, Rat - Category: NA

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	4	Harmful if inhaled.



12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
Ethanol - (64-17-5)	42.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss	2.00, Daphnia magna	17.921 (96 hr), Ulva pertusa
Methanol - (67-56-1)	100.00, Pimephales	10,000.00, Daphnia	16.912 (96 hr), Ulva
	promelas	magna	pertusa

12.2. Persistence and degradability
There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Not Measured
12.4. Mobility in soil
No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.
12.6. Other adverse effects
No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Destroy by liquid incineration. Use absorbent material and dispose in accordance with all regulations.

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMO / IMDG	ICAO/IATA	
14.1. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN1263, Paint, 3, III	Paint	Paint	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 3 DOT Label: 3	IMDG: 3 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 3	
14.4. Packing group	III	III	III	
14.5. Environmental hazard	S			
IMDG Marin	e Pollutant: Yes			
14.6. Special precautions for user				
No fu	rther information			
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code				
Not A	pplicable			



15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented. All ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B3

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: Yes Sudden Release of Pressure: No Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Methanol (5,000.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous : (No Product Ingredients Listed)

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Methanol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%): (No Product Ingredients Listed)

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Methanol

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%): (No Product Ingredients Listed)

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%): (No Product Ingredients Listed)

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Ethanol

Methanol

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Ethanol

Methanol



16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

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