Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

294(E) CSD (Aerosol)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

294(E) CSD (Aerosol)

UFI: EUDN-HNWD-P0HN-Y7UW

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses advised against

No information available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	Chesterton International GmbH	
Street:	Am Lenzenfleck 23	
Place:	D-85737 Ismaning GERMANY	
Telephone:	+49 89 99 65 46 - 0	Telefax: +49 89 99 65 46 - 50
e-mail:	eu-sds@chesterton.com	
e-mail (Contact person):	eu-sds@chesterton.com	
Internet:	www.chesterton.com	
Responsible Department:	eu-sds@chesterton.com	

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+49(0) 551 - 1 92 40 (GIZ-Nord, 24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aerosol 1; H222-H229
Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Eye Irrit. 2; H319
Skin Sens. 1; H317
STOT SE 3; H336
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
acetone
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene
propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane			50-100 %
	921-024-6		01-2119475514-35	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H225 H315 H336 H304 H411			
67-64-1	acetone			15-25 %
	200-662-2	606-001-00-8	01-2119471330-49	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066			
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide			2,5-10 %
	204-696-9			
	Compressed gas; H280			
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene			2,5-10 %
	227-813-5	601-029-00-7	01-2119529223-47	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1B, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H226 H315 H317 H304 H400 H410			
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol			2,5-10 %
	200-661-7	603-117-00-0	01-2119457558-25	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
	921-024-6	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	50-100 %
	inhalation: LC50 = > 25,2 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2800 - 3100 mg/kg		
67-64-1	200-662-2	acetone	15-25 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 76 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 7426 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5800 mg/kg		
5989-27-5	227-813-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene	2,5-10 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg M acute; H400: M=1 M chron.; H410: M=1		
67-63-0	200-661-7	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	2,5-10 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 30 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = 12800-13400 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5045 mg/kg		

Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

>= 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons, preservation agents, perfumes (Limonene).

Further Information

No information available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Change contaminated, saturated clothing. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Let 1 glass of water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect).
Immediately call a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

- alcohol resistant foam
- Water spray jet
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.
In case of fire may be liberated:

- Carbon monoxide
- Carbon dioxide
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Protective clothing.
In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Provide adequate ventilation.
Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Cover drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Work in well-ventilated zones or use proper respiratory protection. Only wear fitting, comfortable and clean protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

Further information on handling

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.
Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from:
- Food and feedingstuffs

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from:
- Frost
- Heat
- Humidity

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
67-64-1	Acetone	500	1210		TWA (8 h)	
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	5000	9000		TWA (8 h)	
		15000	27000		STEL (15 min)	
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	200	-		TWA (8 h)	
		400	-		STEL (15 min)	

Biological limit values

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
67-64-1	Acetone	Acetone	50 mg/L	Urine	End of shift
67-63-0	2-Propanol	Acetone	40 mg/L	Urine	End of shift at end of workweek

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2035 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	773 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	608 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
67-64-1	acetone			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	1210 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	2420 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	186 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	200 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	62 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	62 mg/kg bw/day
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	66,7 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	9,5 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	16,6 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	4,8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	4,8 mg/kg bw/day
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol			
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	1000 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	178 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		oral	systemic	51 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	500 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	888 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	89 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	26 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
67-64-1	acetone	
Freshwater		10,6 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		21 mg/l
Marine water		1,06 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		30,4 mg/kg
Marine sediment		3,04 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l
Soil		29,5 mg/kg
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene	
Freshwater		0,014 mg/l
Marine water		0,0014 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		3,85 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,385 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		133 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		1,8 mg/l
Soil		0,763 mg/kg
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	
Freshwater		140,9 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		140,9 mg/l
Marine water		140,9 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		552 mg/kg
Marine sediment		552 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		160 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		2251 mg/l
Soil		28 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection:
Eye glasses with side protection
goggles

Hand protection

Tested protective gloves must be worn: EN ISO 374
NBR (Nitrile rubber),
Wearing time with permanent contact: Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,4 mm, Breakthrough time: >480

min
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,1 mm, Breakthrough time: > 30 min
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.
Filtering device (full mask or mouthpiece) with filter: AX

Thermal hazards

No data available

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	like: Lemon

	Test method
Changes in the physical state	
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	56 °C
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available
Flash point:	- 18 °C
Flammability	
Solid/liquid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available
Explosive properties	
Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.	
Lower explosion limits:	1,1 vol. %
Upper explosion limits:	7 vol. %
Auto-ignition temperature:	222 °C
Self-ignition temperature	
Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available

pH-Value:	not applicable	
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available	
Water solubility:	practically insoluble	

Solubility in other solvents

No information available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available	
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	No data available	
Density (at 20 °C):	0,71 g/cm³	
Relative vapour density:	>1	(air = 1)

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Oxidizing properties

No information available.

Other safety characteristics

Solvent content:	100 Vol%	
Evaporation rate:	<1	(Ether = 1)

Further Information

No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.2. Chemical stability

The substance is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

This material is considered to be non-reactive under normal use conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No information available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane				
	dermal	LD50 > 2800 - 3100 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1977)	The acute toxicity of SBP 100/140 was de
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 > 25,2 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1988)	Group of rats were exposed to test subst
67-64-1	acetone				
	oral	LD50 5800 mg/kg	Rat	J Toxicol Environ Health 15: 609-621 (19	Undiluted acetone applied to female rats
	dermal	LD50 > 7426 mg/kg	Rabbit	Toxicol Appl Pharmacol 7: 559-565. (1965	other: Code of federal regulations: 21 C
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 76 mg/l	Rat		
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene				
	oral	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (2010)	OECD Guideline 423
	dermal	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg		REACh Registration Dossier	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol				
	oral	LD50 5045 mg/kg	Rat		
	dermal	LD50 12800-13400 mg/kg	Rabbit		
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 30 mg/l	Rat		

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. ((R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene)

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane						
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	10 - 30	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 201
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	2,045	28 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010)	The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	1 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	SIDS Initial Assessment Report For SIAM	OECD Guideline 211
67-64-1	acetone						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	8120	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Publication (1984)	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	8800	48 h	Daphnia pulex	Publication (1978)	The toxicity of acetone towards daphnids
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	2212	28 d	Daphnia magna	Arch Environm Contam Toxicol 12: 305-310	Study conducted comparable to OECD 211 w
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50 mg/l)	61150	0,5 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Water Res 26: 887-892 (1992)	ISO 8192
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	0,72	96 h	Pimephales promelas	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	0,32	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	0,307	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (2013)	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,37	8 d	Pimephales promelas	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 212
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,08	21 d	Daphnia magna	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 211
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50 mg/l)	209	3 h		REACh Registration Dossier	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	10000	96 h	Pimephales promelas	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	>100	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	13299	48 h	Daphnia magna (Big water flea)		

	Fish toxicity	NOEC > 1000 mg/l	28 d	Danio rerio	REACh Registration Dossier	other: REACH Guidance on QSARs R.6
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC > 1000 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	REACh Registration Dossier	other: REACH Guidance on QSARs R.6

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene			
		74,1%	28	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol			
	OECD 301E	95%	21	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
67-64-1	acetone	-0,23
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene	4,38
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	0,05

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
67-64-1	acetone	3		Unpublished calculat
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene	864,8	no data	REACh Registration D
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	0,994		Meylan,WM, Howard,PH

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.
No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Packing which cannot be properly cleaned must be disposed of.
Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1
Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0
Transport category:	2
Tunnel restriction code:	D

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1
Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1+8
Special Provisions:	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
Limited quantity:	1000 mL
Excepted quantity:	E0
EmS:	F-D, S-U

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Hazard label:	2.1
Special Provisions:	A145 A167 A802

Limited quantity Passenger:	30 kg G	
Passenger LQ:	Y203	
Excepted quantity:	E0	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:		203
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:		75 kg
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:		203
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:		150 kg

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	Yes
Danger releasing substance:	naphta

14.6. Special precautions for user

No information available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40

National regulatory information

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
acetone
Carbon dioxide
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, d-limonene
propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route
(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
RID:Règlement international conernat le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer
(Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Refulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
CLP: Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures,
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
EC50: Effectice concentration, 50 percent
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1; H222-H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)